TRANSPORTATION RECOMMENDATIONS

Industrial Commission Advises Government Supervision.

MORE STRINGENCY WANTED.

Bould be Strict Adherence to Pub-Ished Rates - Long and Short Haul Clause Needs Strengthening.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The industrial mission has submitted its final reort to Congress. It is a document of pore than 1,000 printed pages. The gst part, which has been made pubdeals with the progress of the napn's agriculture, mining and transrtation. Recommendations are made the subjects of transportation and miculture. The commission advises to transportation:

UPERVISION BY GOVERNMENT. that the policy of governmental su-ergision and control of railroads, as aginally laid down in the San as nally laid down in the Senate nittee report of 1896, and embodied following year in the interstate merce act, be revived and strengththat the authority of the inter-commerce commission, necessary he adequate protection of ship-and clearly intended by the ers of the law be restored, and the powers and functions of the be enlarged practically as ptemplated in the so-called Cullom of 1900, except as to authority to e and enforce a uniform clas-

LEGISLATION NEEDED. such legislation should provide: For

me stringent regulation of the con-mens under which freight and pas-gger tariffs are published and filed. rate of classification ought to be hanged without at least sixty days' office to shippers, unless specifically orized by the interstate commerce

monission. That strict adherence to published and rebates or deriminations prevented by an inrease of the penalties. That the long and short haul clause

section four of the act of 1887 be ss the carriers shall be released by me commission.

REASONABLENESS OF RATES.

For the definite grant of power to interstate commerce commission, r on its own initiative, but only ormal complaint, to pass upon the onableness of freight and passenrates or charges. Also the definite sonable, as at present, together power to prescribe reasonable

early hearings upon complaints Mir prompt decisions by the comthe purpose being to obviate mabde delays. pand power to the interstate combis to items and grouping. Coupled tais, however, we dissent from tais, however, we dissent from section of the so-called Cullom bill ring the interstate commerce comsigate a uniform classification for the

EXPERT AUDITORS.

For the establishment of a permanent torps of expert auditors who shall have mhority, under the supervision of the state commerce commission, stamine periodically the accounts of all rallway companies, whether operating s financial in their nature.

The violations of the act respecting the keeping and filling of annual re-ports by carriers should be made miskanors, and promptness in making such returns should be required.

MEMBERSHIP COMMISSION.

That, to further the effectiveness of sion, its membership should be directly representative of the various interests concerned, in the persons of shippers or business men, traffic ex-perts (rail or water,) and men of legal training, and the number of the com-missioners should be increased to

That legislation analogous to the an-That legislation analogous to the autistock watering statute of Massachu-letts be enacted by the several states. That railroad companies be prohibited by law from making lower freight takes upon imports billed to the inter-let of this country. In connection with brof this country, in connection with wear transportation or otherwise, than We made on similar articles from the Maboard to the interior, or than are made from one inland point to another, then the Then the distance is not greater.

AGRICULTURE.

Prefacing its recommendations rerelating agriculture, the commission was that "agriculture has derived more back from the establishment of the barrows of granulture and from ient of agriculture and from the following recommendations on this spice:

SECRETARY'S POWER.

That the secretary of agriculture be tren authority to inspect products in-taked for export and to certify to their

tade and quality.
To fix standard grades for cereals, and on seasons of growing, quality and weight per measure, and, when intided for export, to inspect and certicause stock cars and stock yards

be cleansed and disinfected when-her he considers such action neces-

To make adequate regulations pro-biting the shipment of uninspected or tasased meat from one state to an-tally and the manner dishas, or to foreign countries.

To require and direct the proper dis-losition of diseased meats, that a more comprehensive penalty clause for ship-ling diseased meat be enacted. NURSERY STOCK INSPECTION.

That a law be enacted to provide for its inspection of nursery stock intended for interstate commerce or for exist, and prohibiting the transportation of diseased, infected or uniuspected arsery stock, and for rules and regulations to govern the importation of diseased, infected or uniuspected arsery stock and fruit, and prohibiting the importation of diseased, infected or uniuspected nursery stock or fait.

PURE FOOR.

That a pure food section in the chemty division of the department of ag-sulture be established to prevent the ation, false branding and de-imitation of foods, beverages, sulteration, false branding street splive imitation of foods, beverages, saides, drugs and condiments in the barriet of Columbia and the terriories, and for daffic therein. and for regulating interstate

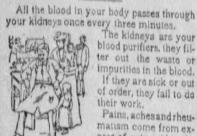
t adequate legislation be enacted of the several states, where needed, for control of such diseases as glan-

BEET SUGAR.

That whatever changes may be made

Over-Work Weakens

Your Kidneys. Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.



of order, they fall to do Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected SEDITION LAWS

Read in Senate and Precipitate a

Very Lively Debate.

SENATOR HOAR RIPS THEM UP

Patterson Defends Taft - Foraker to

Rescue of the Laws-Tiliman Calls

Them "Damuable Doctrine."

Washington, Feb. 6.-For four hours

today the Senate had the Philippines

sure was completed, so far as the Phil-

ippines commission is concerned, all of

the committee amendments being

adopted. Several other amendments,

however, will be offered, one or two

Toward the close of the session the

discussion became heated. In response

to a resolution offered several days ago

by Mr. Rawlins of Utah, the secretary

of war transmitted to the Senate the

sedition laws enacted by the Philip-

These amendments were presented and

SEDITION LAWS IN ISLANDS.

Consideration of the measure was

then interrupted to permit the sedition laws in force in the Philippine Islands to be laid before the Senate. They had

been sent to the Senate by the secretary of war in response to a resolution offered by Mr. Rawlins of Utah several days ago. The laws were read in full by the secretary of the laws were read in full by the secretary of the secr

by the clerk.

At the conclusion of the reading, Mr.

Foraker sent to the clerk's desk and had read sections 5331 to 5338, inclusive,

of the revised statutes of the United States dealing with the same offenses.

HOAR SPEAKS ON MATTER.

sedition laws enacted by the Philippine

Mr. Hoar then spoke briefly upon the

commission, saying he was sorry that

the commission had had its action justi-fied by reference to the only harsh

and cruel provisions that were to be found in the statutes of the United

States. Under this cruel provision in the Philippines, a mother having knowledge of treason of her son must inform the authorities upon him; the

son must inform upon the mother; the brother upon the brother; the daughter

upon the father, and so on. He said the laws of the United States were ap-

plied only to citizens of this country, citizens by either nativity or adoption. In the case of this application of these acts in the Philippines, he said, they

were being put into execution by aller

authority, responsible only to an alien

PATTERSON INTERRUPTED.

Mr. Patterson interrupted Mr. Hoar

Philippines sedition laws, Gov. Taft, he said, had informed the Philippines

committee that he was ill when these acts were enacted by the commission,

and that had he been present there probably would have been some modin-

of so able and humane a man as Gov.

Mr. Foraker said he never had heard

senator from Massachusetts, Mr. Hoar,

know, he added, whether it were possible that the United States had enacted

such provisions, he had sent for the United States statutes and had had

read the acts upon treason and offenses

ADOPTED U. S. LAW.

"Not only are the provisions the same," he declared, "as those contained in the Philippines acts, but the wording

language of the revised statutes, adding

such matters as would make the pro-

visions applicable to the Philippine

INTERRUPTION BY TILLMAN.

Mr. Tillman interrupted Mr. Foraker

"It might be in order," said Mr. Foraker warmly, "to inquire of the

"My sympathies?"
"My sympathies are with the Filipinos," shouted Mr. Tillman, pounding his desk emphatically.

FORAKER RETORTS.

"Undoubtedly they are," retorted Mr. Foraker, "and such a flat-footed and unqualified declaration as the senator

has made would render the revised statutes applicable to him if he were

not protected by his position as sena-

Mr. Hoar again interrupted Mr. Foraker, and directing attention to the declaration in the Senate chamber of

Thomas Corwin of Ohio during the de-bate on the Mexican war, that if he

Ohio did love to recall the memory of Thomas Corwin, but they realized, he

said, that in that great emergency he had made a profound mistake.

LOYAL MEN NOT AFRAID.

In response to a question from Mr. Patterson of Colorado, Mr. Foraker said that there was not a single word in the sedition laws adopted by the Philip-

pines commission which would enable the authorities to touch any man who

was loyal to the United States.

Mr. Tillman said that he had seen a statement from Gen. Chaffee that practically the entire Philippine popu-

WILL COME BACK VICTORS.

in both is practically identical.

Philippines commission adopted

When Mr. Hoar had desired to

should be mentally and morally

"I am quite ready," said Mr. Hoar

what the senator has said

government or command.

cation of the acts.

against the country.

islands

being pending.

disposed of.

tariff bill under discussion. The meas-

kidney trouble. Kidney wouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries. It used to be considered that only urinary

troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble. If you are sick you can make no mistake

by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits
by all druggists in fiftycent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a
sample bottle by mail Home of Swamp-Root,
free, also pamphlet telling you how in find

free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. sedition laws enacted by the Philippines commission. They were read in full and immediately drew the fire of the opponents of the government's Philippines policy, Messrs. Hoar, Foraker, Tillman and others participating in a sharp debate.

Consideration of the Philippine tariff bill was then resumed. Mr. Lodge, in charge of the measure, expressed a desire to perfect it by the addition of small amendments to the phraseology. These amendments were presented and

in the tariff by reciprocity or otherwise. adequate protection to the beet-sugar industry be maintained.

That increased appropriations be made by Congress for building sample stretches of improved roads in various sections of the country, so as to en-courage the more rapid construction of such roads at state and local expense.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

That the system of rural free delivery be extended as recommended by the postmaster-general in his latest annual report.

That the policy of setting aside forest reserves, already inaugurated, be extended, and the three bureaus of the government, which have charge of investigations and administrative work connected with forestry, be concoli-

Farragut's Gunner Dead. Chicago, Feb. 7.-James Eagan, who served with distinction during the civil

war under Farragut as a gunner, is dead at Joliet, aged 60 years. He was a member of the National Naval Veterans' association and a wealthy pioneer

Medical Fraternity Disputes.

New York, Feb. 7.—As an outcome of the disputes in the medical fraternity between vivisectionists and antivivisectionists, Dr. James E. Russell, of Brooklyn, has offered to submit to vivisection. His offer is not considered seriously by physicians as it is altogether unlikely that a member of the profession would attempt such a thing, even if the law would permit. Dr. Rus-sell's offer makes the proviso that his wife and family are to be cared for in the event of his death. In his statement, Dr. Russell says:

"I will, when able, assist my vivisectors by such notes as may be of interest or value to them and to me experiments are to continue until I am too exhausted to be of further value as a subject, or until I succumb. Should I survive at the end of a year of observation and experiment, I stipulate that I may elect to be released from further service should I so desire."

EXCLUSION OF CONSUMPTIVES.

New York Academy of Medicine Protests Against Treasury Decision. New York, Feb. 7 .- Resolutions have been adopted by the New York Academy of Medicine protesting against the

decision of the treasury department classifying pulmonary tuberculosis with "dangerous contagious diseases," by which emigrants afflicted with the disease are barred from entering the coun-

Carnegie's Tribute to R. L. Stevens New York, Feb. 7.—In his address at the opening of the Stevens Institute of Technology, in Hoboken, Andrew Carnegie, in accepting a casket containing a piece of the first rall rolled, said:

on the same casket with Robert L Stevens is an honor beyond all expecta tion, for among men none was of more value than he. In the list of geniuses that you can count on the fingers of two hands, no list is complete without the name of Robert L. Stevens.

To think that my name should figure

"I had no inventive mind, simply a mind to use the inventions of others. I think a fit epitaph for me would be "Here Lies a Man Who Knew How to Get Around Men Much Cleverer than Himself."

COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES. Trouble is Settled and Students Return to Their Studies.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 6.—The trouble between the faculty and the students of the state school of mines at Golden, Colo., which has caused the suspension of work in that institution for more than a week, has been settled, tempor-

Acting upon instructions from Gov Orman, the trustees of the school today held an all-day meeting at Golden, at which members of the faculty and a committee of the students were heard.

This evening the board announced that it had decided to comply with the request of the students that they take the whole matter out of the hands of the faculty, make a thorough investiga-tion of the present and past troubles and decide the case on its merits. It also announced that the students had were a Mexican he would welcome the Americans with bloody hands to hospitable graves, inquired if the people of Ohio did not reverence the name and memory of Thomas Corwin.

Mr. Foraker replied that the people of Ohio did love to recall the memory of agreegd to return to their classes to-morrow and to abide by the decision

The faculty has agreed to postpone the examinations, which were to have begun next week. It is believed that the matter will be adjusted without further delay.

> WASN'T CURED. Didn't Get Well of Anything.

"I spent three weeks with a friend in Dayton lost winter. She was using Postum Coffee exclusively as a beverage at meals. I said, I thought you were so fond of coffee that you could not be induced to give it up. 'Well,' my friend said, 'We got to liking this Postum Coffee for it serves as a food as well as a beverage, and we have all felt so much better since leaving off the

I learned to make the Postum and made it fine, so when I went home made it fine, so when I went home I began to serve it to my husband instead of the old fashioned coffee. About a week afterwards I asked him how he liked the coffee, and told him I had been trying a new kind. He says, 'I think it is most excellent. Is it Mocha or Java or a mixture?' I told him that it was the famous Postum we had read so much about and he most jumped so much about and he most jumped from his chair in surprise, but the change has become a fixture and he will never give up Postum and go back to the old fashioned coffee, for we not only like it better but we feel so much better in every way." This lady's name given in every way." This lady's name giby Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

To Keep Their Digestion Perfect Noths ing is So Safe and Pleasant as IN PHILIPPINES. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Thousands of men and women have found Stuart's Dyspspsia Tablets the eafest and most reliable preparation for form of indigestion or stomach

Thousands of people who are not sick, but are well and wish to keep well take



insure perfect digestion and avoid trou-

But it is not generally known that the Tablets are just as good and wholesome for little folks as for their elders. Little Children who are pale, thin and have no appetite, or do not grow or turive, should use the tablets after

ating and will derive great benefit from them.

Mrs. G. H. Crotsley, 538 Washington street, Hoboken, New Jersey, writes: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets just fill the bill for children as well as for older folks. I've had the best of luck with them. My three-year-old girl takes them as readily as candy. I have only to say 'tablets' and she drops everything else and runs for them."

A Buffala mother, a short time ago. from them.

A Buffalo mother, a short time ago, who despaired of the life of her babe, was so delighted with the results from giving the child these tablets that she went before the notary public of Eric county, N. Y., and made the following

Gentlemen: -Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were recommended to me for my two-months-old baby, which was sick and puny and the doctors said was suffering from indigestion. I took the child to the hospital, but there found no relief. A friend mentioned the Stuart Tablets and I procured a box from my druggist and used only the large sweet lozenges in the box and was delighted to find they were just the thing for my baby. I feel justified in saying that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets saved my child's life.

MRS. W. T. DETHLOPE,

MRS. W. T. DETHLOFE,
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of April, 1897.
HENRY KARIS.
Notary public in and for Eric Co., N. Y.

For bables, no matter how young or delicate, the tablets will accomplish wonders in increasing flesh, appetite and growth. Use only the large sweet tablets in every box. Full sized boxes are sold by all druggists for 50 cents, and no parent should neglect the use of this safe remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles if the child is alling in any way regarding its food or assimila-

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been known for years as the best preparation for all stomach troubles whether in adults or infants.

to say that one of the members of the Philippine commission ought to be re-lieved from any odium attaching to the afternoon, and in the course of his re-Thomas Corwin, who, in the face of a hostile Senate, had uttered the sentiment which he had quoted earlier in the day. He declared that Corwin's name and memory had become one of the treasures of the Republic, and that he had been placed among the immortals

now before the country, he said, could be discussed emperatory and canny. It was a great question whether this powerful Republic should crush the life out of a republic modeled after our own government; it was a great question how the slaughter of both Filipinos and Americans was to be stopped. the Philippines acts read until now. He was surprised, however, that the

LOVE OF THE FLAG.

"Men as good as I am, men wiser than I am," said he, "differ from me upon these questions. I do not believe the distinguished senator from Ohio wants to do injustice to anyone. Some men, however, show their love of the mag by protecting it against violence, and some show their love for the mag by keeping it pure and a symbol, of justice. and some show the by keeping it pure and a symbol, of jus-tice. The one is an honorable thing and the other is an honorable thing. Those who are resisting the present policy of our government in the Philippines are quite as loyal as those who are sup-

porting it."

The difference of opinion which had risen among the people, he said, in conclusion, was the "legitimate result of this miserable Philippine business." At 6 o'clock the Senate went into executive session, and at 6.10 adjourned

to denounce the sedition laws enacted by the Philippines commission as "damnable doctrine." until tomorrow. Rev. Edward Waldo Heard From. senator from South Carolina on which side of the struggle in the Philippines

New York, Feb. 7:-After five years' absence, Rev. Edward A. Waldo, who formerly was connected with the University Settlement society of this city has been heard from at San Francisco. Although detectives have searched this Although detectives have searched this country and Europe, Mr. Waldo himself, after the long silence following his mysterious disappearance from New York in the summer of 1896, first sent word to his family, who had long ago given him up as dead, and his brother. George B. Waldo, an artist of this city, has started for San Francisco.

It was to his aged father, Simon S. Waldo, one of the leading business men of New Haven, Conn., that the missing minister sent the letter. Realizing their probable fears of a joke, he

izing their probable fears of a joke, he had taken the precaution to have the letter countersigned by a San Francisco minister, with whom he is tempor-

arily staying.
Dr. Waldo left the headquarters of the New York University Settlement society on the afternoon of July 13, 1896, and between there and his home he disappeared. Detectives traced him as far as a Mississippi river town, where he was supposed to have boarded a boat for New Orleans, but there the

Once before Dr. Waldo had a similar experience. He labored in Chicago be-fore coming to this city, and while do-ing mission work there he disappeared. He had been raising a large fund for the purpose of providing provisions for the poor of Chicago. Some weeks later Dr. Waldo was found wandering aim-lessly about the streets of Taliahassee. It was three weeks before he could tell his name.

A Barber's Peculiar Disease.

practically the entire Philippine population was imbued with hatred of Americans. "In view of this statement." said he, "we must continue this infamous, tyrannical, British South African—," then hesitating a few seconds, continued: "I'll stop right there because I cannot find a word hot enough to apply to the situation." Wabash, Ind., Feb. 7.-Andrew Teeter, a barber at Akron, twenty miles northwest of this city, is at death's door from a peculiar cause. He has followed "I want to say to the senator and to say," retorted Mr. Foraker, with great vehemence, "that our army will never come back from the Philippines until it comes back victorious. That may as well be understood now as at any future time." his trade for years and some time ago say." retorted Mr. Foraker, with great vehemence, "that our army will never come back from the Philippines until it comes back victorious. That may as well be understood now as at any future time."

HOAR'S TRIBUTE TO CORWIN,
Mr. Hoar concluded the debate of the

MANCHURIAN ARRANGEMENTS.

American, British and Japan Ministers Opposed.

WILL CAUSE POSTPONEMENT

Powers Begin to Realize Force of Chinese Plenipotentiaries' Representations and Shift Protests to Russia.

Pekin, Feb. 6 .- The British, American and Japanese ministers here have renewed their opposition to the Manchurian arrangements between China and Russia. It is probable that this action will result in the further postponement of the consummation of this

The powers opposing the Manchurian treaty are now beginning to recognize the force of the representations of the Chinese plenipotentiaries that China is making the best terms possible for herself, and incidentally for the equal rights of the other nations in China, and are shifting their protests to Russia as the responsible party. Paul Lessar, the Russian minister here, is endeavoring to maintain the transpar ent diplomatic fiction that the Man-churian treaty and the Russo-Chinese bank agreement are not related. has informed his colleagues that Russian government has no official knowledge of the negotiations of the Russo-Chinese bank. The Russian agents are playing their parts with the greatest regard for appearances, while M. Lessar is arranging the treaty with China. The manager of the bank, M. Pocatillo, one of the most able and trusted of the Russian agents in the east, is negotiating the agreements with Wang Wen Shao.

In the light of the statements of Chi-nese officials which were repeated yesterday, namely, that Russia insists up on the simultaneous signing of the Manchurian treaty and the bank agreement, the representations of M. Lessar fail to carry weight. The native newspapers are filled with stories that Russia is trying to gain her ends

by offers of heavy bribes.

Germany remains a disinterested spectator of the affair. Chang Chi Tung, the viceroy of Hankow, and Liu Kun Yi, the viceroy of Nan Tin, continue the second control of the tinue their efforts against the treaty. They are co-operating with the Japanese ministry

The correspondent of the Associated Press has seen a draft of the agreement This provides that China shall build all rallways and develop all mines in Manchuria. If she is unable to ommand the capital she shall apply to the bank. If the bank is unable o unwilling to enter into arrangements China may apply elsewhere for capital. The final clause stipulates that the

agreement shall in no wise impair the existing rights of other nations, which lause is palpably nullified by the preceding conditions.

Got Goods Under False Pretenses San Francisco, Feb. 7 .- A young man who gave his name to the police as R. G. Sutton of New Orleans, but who was subsequently identified as Ray Sutton Garlick of Tacoma, has been arreste on charges of forgery and obtaining goods by false pretenses. Representing goods by false pretenses. Representing himself as the nephew of William Alvord, president of the Bank of California, Garlick bought a gold watch and a diamond ring from W. K. Vanderslice & Co., and offered in payment a check for \$100 bearing Mr. Alvord's signature. He had previously telephoned to the firm that he would call to make some purchases, and Mr. Alvord, when notified of the fact pronounced the alleged nephew a fraud. A policeman was therefore in walting and after the was therefore in waiting and after the check had been passed. Garlick was check had been passed. Garlick was placed under arrest. In his pockets were found six checks, all bearing the forged signature of William Alvord. His note book showed that he came here recently from Tacoma en route to enter the University of Chicago. The young man was well supplied with money when he came here. He stopped at the Palace hatel and spent his funds. at the Palace hotel and spent his funds in seeing the city. To Detective Har-per after his arrest he said: "I forged those checks because I got

hard up and needed the money.'

Arrested for Opium Smuggling.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 17.—The custom house officials here have arrested Frank D. Burton on a charge of smug-gling. With him was captured a trunk containing seventy-five pounds; of opium, valued at \$1,200, which had been shipped from Tacoma to Oakland. The authorities believe that Burton is con nected with a gang that for some time has been successfully smuggling opium across the Canadian border. On Saturday Collector Stratton received a telegram from Collector Patterson at Port-land telling him that a trunk that had been checked at Tacoma as ordinary baggage for Oakland had been seized here and in it were 150 this of opium. Collector Patterson was asked to take all the opium out of the trunk except one lin and forward the trunk as though it had not been intercepted. This was done and Barton was caught in the act of opening the trunk. He claims to have recently arrived from the Klondike and says he got the trunk for a friend. The duty on the opiums seized would amount to \$450.

British Losses in South Africa.

London, Feb. 6.—The war office to-night published a summary of the Brit-ish losses in South Africa. Up to Janu-ary 31 the total reduction of the forces, from death or permanent disability, was 25,305 men. The total of the casualincluding, surviving wounded, was 5,240 officers and 100,701 men.

Helena Assay Office Returns.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 6.—The January receipts of gold at the Helena assay office amounted to \$190,760.93, against \$159,425.53 in January, 1901, the largest receipts for that month in the history of the office. The gold was practically all from stamp or cyanide mills, and the receipts from this source are likely to grow rapidly this year, as mills will be put in operation and new mines

Fort Sheridan to be Enlarged.

Chicago, Feb. 7.--Maj.-Gen. Otis, com-mander of the department of the lakes, has returned from Washington, where was in attendance on the sessions of the board called by the secretary of war to consider the needs of the different army posts. This was the second session of the board, the first, in December, having been adjourned in order to enable the department commanders to report on the needs of their respective departments, particularly the department of California. The second ses-

sion lasted only four days.

As to the recommendations of the board Gen. Otis said it would not be proper to speak in advance of the re-port to the secretary of war. It is understood, however, says the Chronicle, that the barracks at Fort Sheri-



used in the nursery. At the same time, in I hundreds of families where economy decides the choice, Ivory Soap is selected. Thus its purity attracts the rich; its economy attracts the poor. High

quality and low cost: is there any better combination?

dan will be enlarged, and made modern ous to owners of sailing vessels as

Since the United States became world power and troops are required for work abroad the posts throughout the country have been found too small for the accommodation of the regiments and batteries recruited to fighting strength. In addition to Fort Sheri-dan many other army posts will be en-

larged.
That the work at the fort will be undertaken at once is assured. According to orders from headquarters the troops now quartered at the fort will leave shortly for the Philippines, Their places will not be taken until the sol diers ordered from the far east have returned. In the interim the carpenters and masons will have almost undisputed possession of the place.

Lease Madison Square Garden.

New York, Feb. 7.—Madison Square garden has been leased for the month of May by the Professional Women's league. Everything in which women are professionally engaged or personally interested will be exhibited during that time. The exhibits, it is promised will range from the newsest variety of baby incubator to a steam yacht, designed and equipped by a woman, to suit the tastes of women. Departments will be devoted to women designers will be devoted to women designers, goldsmiths, blacksmiths, barbers, trained nurses, school teachers, dentists, doctors and to every other profession or business into which the fair sex has entered

The exposition will show how to furnish, care for and grace a home, and also how to earn one.

MONUMENT TO MAURY.

neer of modern meteorology and hydrography. The occasion was a lecture by Dr. Bergeret, professor of terrestrial physics at the Sorbonne, on the "Circulation of the Air.'

The lecturer began by recalling that on Feb. 6, in the year 1848, a sailing vessel left Baltimore for Rio de Janeiro provided with Lieut. Maury's charts. The voyage to the equator was effected in 21 days instead of forty days which was previously the minimum required. Dr. Bergeret then explained the theory of the trade winds and of cyclonic and anti-cyclonic centers anti-cyclonic centers which Lieut. Maury rendered practical and popular.

The eminent American hydrographer's

schooners with four, five and exen six masts were being built today and were yielding excellent returns owing to the practical services renderd by Lieut Maury's pilot charts. Notwithstanding the apparent incon-

sistency of the winds in temperate climes, they are all regulated by fixed law, based on the fact that above the warm current of the gulf stream there is a continuous current of warm air. The constant circulation of the air

explained why the warm, moist, west-ern winds, which reach the shores of Europe return dry and cold from Asiatic Russia as biting eastern winds. It further explains the succession of winds in gyrating and the reverse. The order of gyration of the winds results from the general law of circu-lation of the air laid down by Lieut, Maury by his epoch-making labors.
Lieut. Maury, it is declared, demonstrated that scientists are the best scrvants of humanity. He diminished the breadth of the ocean by half, for he made it received.

and the Pacific in half the time pre-viously necessary. The economy, moreover, in the cost of maritime transportation resulting from the use of Lieut. Maury's charts was estimated by Dr. Bergeret at 300,000,000 francs The suggestion to raise a monument to Lieut. Maury, with which Dr. Bergeret concluded his address, was received with warm applause, and a provisional committee was formed to carry

made it possible to cross the Atlantic

Saved Him From Torture. There is no more agonizing trouble than piles. The constant itching and burning make life intolerable, No position is comfortable. The terture is unceasing. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve New York, Feb. 7.—A proposition has been made, says a Paris dispatch to the Herald, by Dr. Bergeret, at the Sorbonne, to raise an international monument to Lieut. Maury, the plant of moders of moders of moders of moders and could find results. The torture is cures piles at once. For skin diseases, cuts, burns, bruises, all kinds of wounds it is unequalled. J. S. Gerali, S. Faul, Aik, says: "From 1865 I suffered with protruding, bleeding piles and could find results." I used DeWat's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes completely cured me." Beware of counterfeits, Godbe-Pitts Drug corner First South and Main

Facts for Catarrhal Sufferers. The mucous membrane lines all pas-sages and cavities communicating with

Catarrh is an excessive secretion, accompanied with chronic inflammation, from the mucous membrane. Hood's Sarsaparilla acts on the mu-cous membrane through the blood, reduces inflammation, establishes healthy action, and radically cures all cases of

studies on the gulf stream and the maritime currents were next dwelt upon. The speaker mentioned a fact not generally known, that the introduction of steam navigation did not prove ruin-

Housewives

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